#### §668.139

student's claim to be an eligible non-citizen.

(d) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, if an institution makes an error in its determination that a student is an eligible noncitizen, the institution is liable for any title IV, HEA disbursements made to this student during the award year or period of enrollment for which the student applied for title IV, HEA assistance.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070g, 1091, 1094)

[58 FR 3184, Jan. 7, 1993, as amended at 63 FR 40626, July 29, 1998; 65 FR 38729, June 22, 2000; 71 FR 38003, July 3, 2006; 73 FR 35493, June 23, 20081

# § 668.139 Recovery of payments and loan disbursements to ineligible students.

- (a) If an institution makes a payment of a grant or a disbursement of a Federal Perkins loan to an ineligible student for which it is not liable in accordance with §668.138, it shall assist the Secretary in recovering the funds by—
- (1) Making a reasonable effort to contact the student; and
- (2) Making a reasonable effort to collect the payment or Federal Perkins loan.
- (b) If an institution causes a Federal Stafford, Federal PLUS, Direct Subsidized, Direct Unsubsidized, or Direct PLUS Loan to be disbursed to or on behalf of an ineligible student for which it is not liable in accordance with §668.138, it shall assist the Secretary in recovering the funds by notifying the lender in the case of an FFEL Program loan or the Secretary in the case of a Direct Loan Program loan that the student has failed to establish eligibility under the requirements of §§668.201 or 685.200, as appropriate.
- (c) If an institution is liable for a payment of a grant or Federal Perkins loan to an ineligible student, the institution shall restore the amount equal to the payment or disbursement to the institution's Federal Perkins loan fund or Federal Pell Grant, ACG, National SMART Grant, TEACH Grant, FSEOG, or LEAP amount, even if the institution cannot collect the payment or disbursement from the student.

(d) If an institution is liable for a Federal Stafford, Federal PLUS, Direct Subsidized, Direct Unsubsidized, or Direct PLUS Loan disbursement to an ineligible student, the institution shall repay an amount equal to the disbursement to the lender in the case of an FFEL Program loan or the Secretary in the case of a Direct Loan Program loan, and provide written notice to the borrower.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070g, 1091, 1094)

[58 FR 3184, Jan. 7, 1993, as amended at 63 FR 40626, July 29, 1998; 64 FR 38729, June 22, 2000; 71 FR 38003, July 3, 2006; 73 FR 35493, June 23, 20081

#### Subpart J—Approval of Independently Administered Tests; Specification of Passing Score; Approval of State Process

Source: 60 FR 61838, Dec. 1, 1995, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 668.141 Scope.

- (a) This subpart sets forth the provisions under which a student who has neither a high school diploma nor its recognized equivalent may become eligible to receive Title IV, HEA program funds by—
- (1) Achieving a passing score, specified by the Secretary, on an independently administered test approved by the Secretary under this subpart; or
- (2) Being enrolled in an eligible institution that participates in a State process approved by the Secretary under this subpart.
- (b) Under this subpart, the Secretary sets forth—
- (1) The procedures and criteria the Secretary uses to approve tests;
- (2) The basis on which the Secretary specifies a passing score on each approved test;
- (3) The procedures and conditions under which the Secretary determines that an approved test is independently administered; and
- (4) The procedures and conditions under which the Secretary determines that a State process demonstrates that students in the process have the ability

to benefit from the education and training being offered to them.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1091(d))

#### § 668.142 Special definitions.

The following definitions apply to this subpart:

Assessment center: A center that-

- (1) Is located at an eligible institution that provides two-year or four-year degrees, or qualifies as an eligible public vocational institution, *i.e.* a "postsecondary vocational institution;"
- (2) Is responsible for gathering and evaluating information about individual students for multiple purposes, including appropriate course placement;
- (3) Is independent of the admissions and financial aid processes at the institution at which it is located;
- (4) Is staffed by professionally trained personnel; and
- (5) Does not have as its primary purpose the administration of ability-to-benefit tests.

Computer-based test: A test taken by a student on a computer and scored by a computer.

Disabled student: A student who has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, has a record of such an impairment, or is regarded as having such an impairment.

General learned abilities: Cognitive operations, such as deductive reasoning, reading comprehension, or translation from graphic to numerical representation, that may be learned in both school and non-school environments.

Non-native speaker of English: A person whose first language is not English and who is not fluent in English.

Secondary school level: As applied to "content," "curricula," or "basic verbal and quantitative skills," refers to basic knowledge or skills generally learned in the 9th through 12th grades in United States secondary schools.

Test administrator: An individual who may give tests under this subpart.

Test item: A question on a test.

Test publisher: An individual, organization, or agency that owns a registered copyright of a test, or is li-

censed by the copyright holder to sell or distribute a test.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1091(d))

## § 668.143 Approval of State tests or assessments.

- (a) The Secretary approves tests or other assessments submitted by a State that the State uses to measure a student's skills and abilities for the purpose of determining whether the student has the skills and abilities the State expects of a high school graduate in that State.
- (b) The Secretary approves passing scores or other methods of evaluation established by the State for each test or assessment described in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) If the Secretary approves a State's tests and assessments and the passing scores on those tests and assessments under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, that test or assessment may be used, for purposes of section 484(d) of the HEA, only for students who attend eligible institutions located in that State.
- (d) If a State wishes to have the Secretary approve its tests or assessments under this section, the State shall—
- (1) Submit to the Secretary those tests and assessments, its passing scores on those tests and assessments, and the educational standards those tests and assessments measure at such time and in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe;
- (2) Provide the Secretary with an explanation of how the tests, assessments, and passing scores are appropriate in light of the State's educational standards: and
- (3) Provide the Secretary with an assurance that the tests and assessments will be administered in an independent, fair, and secure manner.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1840–0627)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1091(d))

[60 FR 61839, Dec. 1, 1995, as amended at 61 FR 31035, June 19, 1996]

### § 668.144 Application for test approval.

Except as provided in §668.143—

(a) The Secretary only reviews tests under this subpart that are submitted by the publisher of that test;